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death as final, it is then within the purview of theology and philosophy to come to an understanding of what happens prior to death and postmortem. After all, we don 't stop ...

Philosophy, Science and Religion for Everyone brings together these Page 25/53

great truth-seeking disciplines, and seeks to understand the ways in which they challenge and inform each other. Key topics and their areas of focus include: • Foundational Issues why should anyone care about the science-andreligion debate? How do scientific claims relate to the truth? Is evolution compatible with design? Page 26/53

Faith and Rationality can faith ever be rational? Are theism and atheism totally opposed? Is God hidden or does God simply not exist? • Faith and Science - what provides a better explanation for the origin of the universe—science or religion? Faith and physics: can they be reconciled? Does contemporary Page 27/53

neuroscience debunk religious belief? Creationism and evolutionary biology what constitutes science and what constitutes pseudo-science? • Practical Implications – is fundamentalism just a problem for religious people? What are the ethical implications of the science-and-religion debate? Do logic and Page 28/53

religion mix? This book is designed to be used in conjunction with the free Philosophy, Science and Religion ' MOOC (massive open online course) created by the University of Edinburgh, and hosted by the Coursera platform (www.coursera.org). This book is also highly recommended for anyone looking for a Page 29/53

concise overview of this fascinating discipline.

Tackling central problems in philosophy of religion by referring to relevant theories and findings in cognitive science, anthropology, developmental psychology, decision theory, biology, physics, cosmology, the contributors address a Page 30/53

range of topics, including divine attributes; God, creation and evolution; God and the universe; religious beliefs.

The question of whether faith in God is reasonable is of renewed interest in today 's academy. In Page 31/53

light of this interest, as well as the rise of militant religion and terrorism and the emergent reaction by neo-atheism, this volume considers this important question from the views of contemporary scientists, philosophers, and in a more novel fashion, of rhetoricians. It is comprised of a public debate between William Page 32/53

Lane Craig, supporting the position that faith in God is reasonable and Alex Rosenberg, arguing against that position. Scholars in the aforementioned fields then respond to the debate, representing both theistic and atheistic positions. The book concludes with rejoinders from Craig and Rosenberg. Page 33/53

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Excerpt from The Science and Philosophy of Religion: A Comparative Study of Sankhya, Vedanta and Other Systems of Thought "When any Science reaches a unity, it cannot possibly go any farther. You cannot go beyond this idea of the Absolute, the idea of the One, out of which Page 34/53

everything in the universe has evolved. The last word of Advaita is Tattvamasi, - That thou art." These are the words of the author of the present volume, at the end of the book. It is a clear and concise statement of the daring claim made by the sages of India, from very old times, that they have attained to such unity in Page 35/53

the religious field and succeeded in bringing religion to the rank of a perfect and complete science. The methods adopted by them to come to this result, were the same as followed by all the sciences of the present day, viz., observation and analysis of the facts of our experience, and a synthetical combination Page 36/53

of the results obtained, to find out the same facts. That Kapila, Vyasa, Patanjali and indeed all the philosophers of India, including most of the Vedic seers, applied these methods in coming to their respective discoveries - has been fully discussed by the author in his books on the different Yogas. About the Publisher Page 37/53

Forgotten Books publishes hundreds of thousands of rare and classic books. Find more at www.forgottenbooks.co m This book is a reproduction of an important historical work. Forgotten Books uses state-of-the-art technology to digitally reconstruct the work, preserving the original Page 38/53

format whilst repairing imperfections present in the aged copy. In rare cases, an imperfection in the original, such as a blemish or missing page, may be replicated in our edition. We do, however, repair the vast majority of imperfections successfully; any imperfections that remain are intentionally left to preserve the state Page 39/53

of such historical works.

Questions about the existence and attributes of God form the subject matter of natural theology, which seeks to gain knowledge of the divine by relying on reason and experience of the world. Arguments in natural theology rely largely on intuitions and inferences that seem Page 40/53

natural to us, occurring spontaneously -- at the sight of a beautiful landscape, perhaps, or in wonderment at the complexity of the cosmos -- even to a nonphilosopher. In this book, Helen De Cruz and Johan De Smedt examine the cognitive origins of arguments in natural theology. They find that although natural Page 41/53

theological arguments can be very sophisticated, they are rooted in everyday intuitions about purpose, causation, agency, and morality. Using evidence and theories from disciplines including the cognitive science of religion, evolutionary ethics, evolutionary aesthetics, and the cognitive science of testimony, they show Page 42/53

that these intuitions emerge early in development and are a stable part of human cognition. De Cruz and De Smedt analyze the cognitive underpinnings of five well-known arguments for the existence of God: the argument from design, the cosmological argument, the moral argument, the argument Page 43/53

from beauty, and the argument from miracles. Finally, they consider whether the cognitive origins of these natural theological arguments should affect their rationality.

This book investigates the debates around religion and science at the influential Victoria Institute. Founded in Page 44/53

London in 1865, and largely drawn from the evangelical wing of the Church of England, it had as its prime objective the defence of 'the great truths revealed in Holy Scripture ' from ' the opposition of science, falsely so called '. The conflict for them was not between science and religion directly, but what exactly constituted true Page 45/53

science. Chapters cover the Victoria Institute 's formation, its heyday in the late nineteenth century, and its decline in the years following the First World War. They show that at stake was more than any particular theory; rather, it was an entire worldview, combining theology, epistemology, and philosophy of science. Page 46/53

Therefore, instead of simply offering a survey of religious responses to evolutionary theory, this study demonstrates the complex relationship between science. evangelical religion, and society in the years after Darwin's Origin of Species. It also offers some insight as to why conservative evangelicals did not display the Page 47/53

militancy of some American fundamentalists with whom they shared so many of their intellectual commitments. Filling in a significant gap in the literature around modern attitudes to religion and science, this book will be of keen interest to scholars of Religious Studies, the History of Religion, and Science Page 48/53

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In 85 new and updated essays, this comprehensive volume provides an authoritative guide to the philosophy of religion. Includes contributions from established philosophers and rising stars 22 new entries have now been added, and all material from the previous edition Page 49/53

has been updated and reorganized Broad coverage spans the areas of world religions, theism, atheism, , the problem of evil, science and religion, and ethics

" It may seem bizarre, but in my opinion, science offers a surer path to God than religion...science has actually advanced to the Page 50/53

point where what were formerly religious questions can be seriously tackled " (Paul Davies, Astrophysicist). Anthony Walsh 's latest riposte to atheistic arguments against God's existence draws on Natural Theology, a knowledge of God based on evidence from both the natural and social sciences. Covering Page 51/53

everything from the Big Bang and the origins of life to the mystery of intelligent consciousness. Walsh makes even the most technical scientific writings accessible to the general reader and tackles a question few books on the relationship between science and religion have ever sought to address: how does Christianity positively Page 52/53

affect societies, families, and individuals in terms of democracy, justice, happiness, health, and prosperity?

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